

Tips to help you talk to
them about how they're
really going



really
Are they OK?

Ask them
today

Find more conversation tips at ruok.org.au

RUOK?TM

A conversation could change a life.

How conversations can make a difference

Do you know how the people in your world are really going?

Life's ups and downs happen to all of us.

So, stay connected and make asking "are you OK?" a part of your everyday. That way if someone you know is struggling with something big, something small, or maybe nothing at all – they'll know you care.

In this guide you'll find tips to help you ask "are you OK?" and lend support to the people in your world every day of the year. Because when we genuinely ask, "are you OK?" and are prepared to talk to them about how they're feeling and what's going on in their life we can help someone who might be struggling feel connected and supported, long before they're in crisis.

**Are they really OK? Ask them today.
A conversation could change a life.**



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Support is available

If your life is in danger or you're concerned for your own or someone else's safety please call 000.

If you're finding life tough or need some extra support, it can help to talk about how you're feeling with someone you trust.

You and your loved ones can find support by contacting your local doctor or one of these crisis lines:

Lifeline (24/7)

13 11 14

lifeline.org.au

MensLine (24/7)

1300 78 99 78

mensline.org.au

Suicide Call Back Service (24/7)

1300 659 467

suicidecallbackservice.org.au

1800RESPECT (24/7)

1800 737 732

1800respect.org.au

Beyond Blue (24/7)

1300 224 636

beyondblue.org.au

QLife (3pm-midnight)

Anonymous, free LGBTI support

1800 184 527

qlife.org.au

Kids Helpline

(24/7, for youth 5-25)

1800 55 1800

kidshelpline.com.au

Griefline (6am-midnight)

1300 845 745

griefline.org.au

Family and friends can also call upon these services for advice and assistance on how to support someone who is struggling with life.

View our directory of national helplines and services at ruok.org.au/findhelp

When might I need to ask, “are you OK?”

The people in your world won't always tell you if something's troubling them so it's important that you make asking, “are you OK?” a part of your everyday relationships with friends, family, team mates and colleagues.

The earlier you provide an opportunity for someone to open up to you the sooner they can find appropriate support or, if needed, seek professional help and the greater the chance that together, you can stop small problems from becoming bigger ones.

Moments you might need to ask include:

- When they're experiencing relationship difficulties or breaking up with a partner.
- When they're experiencing increased levels of stress or constant stress.
- When they're experiencing financial difficulty.
- When they're going through a period of major change at work, home or in life.
- When they've experienced the loss of someone or something they care about.
- When they have a major health issue.



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You may also notice changes in what they're saying or doing



WHAT ARE THEY

SAYING?

Look out for changes in what they're saying or expressing. They might:

- Sound confused or irrational
- Express they can't cope or feel out of control
- Be more critical of themselves or others
- Sound like they're trapped or in pain
- Share feelings of loneliness or being a burden to others.

WHAT ARE THEY

DOING?

Look out for changes in how they're behaving or what they're doing. They may be experiencing:

- A lack of motivation or energy
- An inability to switch off
- Changes in their sleeping, exercise or eating patterns
- Becoming more or less interested in their appearance
- A lack of interest in something they used to enjoy.

Preparing for the conversation



Be ready

- Are you in a good headspace?
- Are you willing to genuinely listen?
- Have you set aside the time you might need?



Be prepared

- Remember that you won't have all the answers (and that's OK).
- It can be difficult for people to talk about personal struggles and they might be emotional, embarrassed or upset.



Pick your moment

- Have you chosen somewhere relatively private where you'll both be comfortable to chat?
- When is a good time for them to have a meaningful chat?
- If they don't have time when you first approach them, arrange another time for the conversation.
- It might be more comfortable for the person to be side-by-side with you (e.g. walking together or sitting in the car) rather than face-to-face.



How to make a moment meaningful and ask ask R U OK?

Meaningful moments talking about life's ups and downs are more likely to happen when we're spending quality time together. So make asking "are you OK?" a part of these everyday interactions:

- On breaks from work or study.
- When exercising together.
- When connecting or doing activities together online.
- When you're spending time together socially.
- When you're doing an activity side-by-side.
- When you're sharing a meal.
- When you're travelling together, even a short trip can be a good time to talk.

It's none of my business

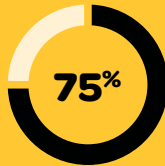
We all value our privacy and respect the privacy of others. You might be telling yourself 'it's none of my business' or 'they won't want to talk to me about it anyway'. It's understandable to be unsure or a little embarrassed but it's better to start a conversation than to ignore that feeling you have that something is not quite right. Having someone show they care can make all the difference for someone who is feeling overwhelmed or distressed.

Remember though, even when you do make the first move, there's no guarantee they'll be ready to talk – but they'll know someone cares and next time you ask they might be ready.

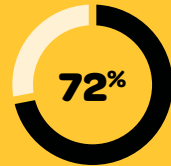
R U OK?'s research* has shown that conversations can make a difference when someone is struggling. Of those who have recently talked to someone about what's troubling them:



said it made them feel more supported and cared about.



felt more connected.



felt it helped them feel better about themselves and their situation.

A black speech bubble with a white outline, containing the text 'It's better to ask than not to ask.' in white. The bubble is positioned over a photograph of a car's interior.

**It's better to ask
than not to ask.**



*KANTAR R U OK?Day Research 2021

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How to ask R U OK?

1. Ask R U OK?



Start a conversation using these 4 steps

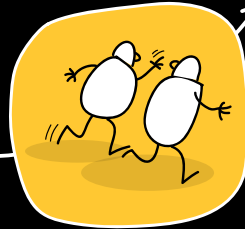
4. Check in



2. Listen



3. Encourage action





1. Ask R U OK?

- Pick your moment. Start the conversation at a time and in a place where you'll both be comfortable.
- If they can't talk when you approach them, arrange a better time with them.
- Be relaxed and friendly in your approach. Think about how you can ease into the conversation.
- If they don't want to talk let them know you'll always be ready for them when they are or ask if there's someone else they'd be more comfortable chatting to.

Let them know you've noticed a change. Make an observation:

I haven't seen much of you lately, is everything going OK?

So, how are you travelling these days?

You've been a bit tired lately, how are things going?

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What if they don't want to talk to me?

- Try not to take it personally if they don't want to talk. They might not be ready to talk or they might need more time to realise that you genuinely care.
- Respect their decision not to talk. Don't pressure or criticise them or try to force them to talk.
- Focus on something you think they might be comfortable talking about like, "I know you've had trouble sleeping and concentrating lately. Can we talk about that?"
- Suggest they talk to someone they trust, such as a family member or friend. You could say, "I'm always here if you ever want to chat but is there someone else you'd rather talk to?"
- Ask if you can check in with them again soon.
- Remember, the act of reaching out to them might encourage them to reflect on how they're doing and prompt them to talk.



2. Listen with an open mind

- Be prepared to listen. Don't try and solve their problems right away.
- Have an open mind.
- Don't rush the, or interrupt. Let them speak in their own time.
- Encourage them to explain.
- Show you've listened by repeating back what you have heard and asking if you have understood them correctly.

Ask open ended questions to help them explain what's going on and how they're feeling:

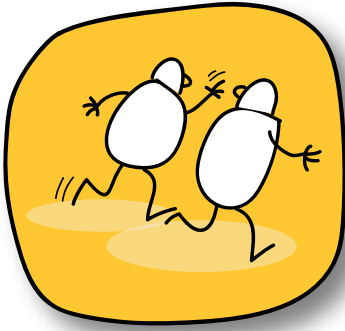
It sounds like you're going through a challenging time. Can you tell me about what's going on?

Have you been feeling this way for a while?

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3. Encourage action

Once they've opened up, encourage them to access support or to do something that might lighten the load

You don't have to have the answers or be able to offer professional health advice, but you can help them consider the next steps and actions they can take to manage their situation.

Some good options might include talking to family, a trusted friend, their doctor or another appropriate health professional.

You can also suggest they think about what's worked for them or helped in the past when they've felt this way or faced similar challenges.

Encourage them to think of at least one thing that could help them lighten the load:

Have you thought about going to see your doctor?

Where do you think we can go from here?

What do you need from me? How can I help?

Things that help them relax or bring them joy might include going for a walk, seeing a movie, watching or playing some sport etc.



4. Check in

- Remember to check in again soon to see how the person is doing. During the conversation, ask them to suggest a time that's good for them: "Do you mind if I drop by again soon to see how you're travelling?"
- Ask them how they're feeling and if they've found ways to better manage their situation.
- If they haven't done anything, be encouraging and remind them you're always there if they need a chat. Remember that for now they might just need someone to lend a listening ear.
- Understand that it can sometimes take a long time for someone to be ready to see a health professional. Try to reinforce the benefits of seeking professional help and suggest they try different avenues.



- If they've had a bad experience with a helpline or doctor, encourage them to keep trying. You could ask, "Would it be useful if we tried some other options to help you get through this?"
- Pop a reminder in your diary to drop in or call them in a couple of weeks. If they're really struggling, follow up with them sooner.
- Stay in touch and be there for them. Genuine care and concern can make a real difference.

How to stay connected and show support

Maintain the relationship that you have with them. They might be looking forward to the time they spend with you. You could:

- Lock in a regular catch up and one-on-one time.
- Ask them about activities they like to do and help them make plans to do them or offer to do them together.
- Arrange group catch-ups to help them connect with others.

Managing emotional reactions during a conversation

Sometimes during an R U OK? conversation the person might become emotional.

Here are some things you can do to make things a little less awkward and ease the pressure:

- Be prepared.
- Recognise their reaction might be in response to a range of circumstances - some of which you might not know about.
- Allow the person to fully express their emotions (i.e. let off steam) and reassure them by actively listening to all they say.
- Deal with the emotions first, you can discuss the issues more rationally once their emotions are managed.
- Being a good listener is one of the best things you can do for someone when they are distressed.
- Manage your own emotions by staying calm and not taking things personally.

How do I deal with sadness?



Sad or tragic incidents are often difficult to deal with because we empathise with the person and feel helpless when we cannot take away their sadness or pain.

If someone begins to cry, sit quietly and allow them to cry. Lowering your eyes can minimise their discomfort. You could add, "I'm going to sit here with you and when you're ready we can keep talking."

If you anticipate this response, it can help to have tissues handy.

Use lots of empathetic phrases, such as "It sounds like you're juggling a few things at the moment" or "I understand this must be challenging for you right now."

Make sure you're comfortable with any silence in the conversation. Know that silence gives them permission to keep talking and tell you more.

Encourage them to access appropriate support. That might include speaking to family, friends or a trusted health professional like their local doctor.

How do I deal with anger? @#%!

If someone is expressing anger in answer to your question, you can respond with: "I can see this has upset you. Why don't you start at the beginning and tell me what I need to know."

Allow them to identify all the factors they feel are contributing to their anger.

You might encourage them by adding "I understand that (...) is a problem. What else is causing you concern?"

Be patient and prepared to listen to them talk about everything that's adding to their frustration.

To keep the conversation on track and to reassure them you're interested in all they have to say, try reflecting back what they have said. You could say, "So the thing that's really upsetting you is (...) Is that right?"

If they feel they have been wronged or treated unfairly you are unlikely to persuade them otherwise in this conversation. It's more constructive to listen to all they have to say and provide resources or, if appropriate, connect them with formal channels where their specific complaints can be heard.



How do I deal with anxiety?

Speak in short, clear sentences while still showing concern and care.

If you anticipate an anxious response, use your preparation time to think about the right place and time for the conversation.

Stay calm. This is best displayed through deep, slow breathing, a lower tone of voice and evenly paced speech.

Worried about their immediate safety?

If you believe their life is in immediate danger call 000 (Australia only).

If you think someone is having thoughts of suicide, don't be afraid to ask them if they are – asking the question does not lead to suicide.

Crisis helplines are there for you too. If you are finding the conversation difficult, call Lifeline on 13 11 14 or Suicide Call Back Service on 1300 659 467 who will provide immediate support and advice.



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How do I ask?

“People in situations like this may be thinking about suicide. Have you thought about killing yourself?”

If they say yes, the most important things for you to do are to:

1. Keep them safe – do not leave them alone

2. Get them immediate professional help.

To keep them safe, remove any dangerous items from their physical location, particularly if they have mentioned a suicide plan.

If they share with you details of their plan, don't agree to keep these or their suicidal thoughts a secret.

Keep talking and listening to them. Be positive about the role professionals can play in helping them through tough times. You can say things like:

“I think it's time to link in with someone who can support you. I can help you to find the right person to talk to.”

“You're not alone. We can figure this out together”

“Who's a person you trust? I would like to call them so we can both help.”



Getting them to professional help can start with any of these options:

- Call a crisis support line together
- Go with them to an Emergency Department
- Take them somewhere that feels safe to them but where they won't be alone.

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